

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Kalyani Third Professional MBBS Examination, January 2024

Time: 3 Hrs. Community Medicine & Family Medicine (Paper-II) Marks: 100

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer all questions.
- Illustrate your answers with well labelled diagram wherever necessary.
- Answer each section in a separate answer book.

SECTION - A (50 MARKS)

Long answer question:

[10]

- 1. You have been newly posted as a district tuberculosis officer in a tribal district of West Bengal, where the indicators related to tuberculosis control are very poor. Write notes on:
 - a. Current challenges in implementing tuberculosis control program in remote districts.
 - b. Enumerate newer initiatives undertaken in the program to manage drug-resistant TB.
 - c. Enlist innovations related to information technology to improve program outcomes.

Answer the following:-

[8×5=40]

- 2. What are the common causes of preventable blindness? Enlist strategies of the National Program for Control of Blindness. (2+3)
- 3. Management of acute respiratory infection in a two months old infant
- 4. Geriatric giants
- 5. Universal health coverage
- 6. Home based neonatal care
- 7. Enlist the risk factors for Low-Birth-Weight. Kangaroo Mother Care is an appropriate technology to manage the babies with LBW- Justify. (2+3)
- 8. Outline the epidemiology of oral cancer. Discuss its preventive measures at community level (2+3)
- 9. Classify the biomedical waste into categories with color coded containers for segregation at the source.

SECTION - B (50 MARKS)

Long answer question:

[10]

- 1. A 20 year primigravida reported to district hospital with seven months of amenorrhoea and complains of severe headache. Her blood pressure was 170/100mm Hg. On examination, severe pallor was observed.
 - a. Enlist the complications which may be expected in the patient
 - b. Enumerate investigations required for this patient
 - c. Describe government schemes for prevention of maternal and child mortality

Write Short notes on:

[8×5=40]

- 2. Describe using a schematic diagram snake bite management at the Primary Health Centre
- 3. One health approach for zoonosis control.
- 4. Typhoid carriers and their treatment
- 5. Management of moderate dehydration in a 2 year old child
- 6. National Kalaazar Elimination Programme
- 7. Diabetic foot management
- 8. Represent diagrammatically the "web of causation" of coronary heart disease in a 50-year-old corporate employee.
- 9. Describe the triple disease burden in tribal population. Describe the strategies to bridge the gap of human resources for tribal health. (2+3)