

# All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Kalyani B.Sc. (Hons) Nursing Second Year Supplementary Examination, April 2024 Time: 3 Hrs. PATHOLOGY & GENETICS Marks: 75

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Answer Pathology & Genetics Section in separate answer booklets.
- Draw diagram wherever necessary

# GENETICS (30 MARKS) SECTION-A

# Answer any ONE of the following:

 $[1 \times 7 = 7]$ 

1. What is Genetic Counseling? What are the different steps to be followed for Genetic Counseling? (2+5)

#### OR

2. What is Down Syndrome? What are the clinical features of Down Syndrome? What is/are the maternal risk factor for Down syndrome in the child? How can the diagnosis of Down syndrome be confirmed antenatally and postnatally? (1+2+1+3)

#### **SECTION-B**

# Write short notes on any THREE:

[3×5=15]

- 3. Chorionic Villus Sampling
- 4. Huntington Disease
- 5. Gene therapy
- 6. Inborn Errors of Metabolism



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# PATHOLOGY (45 MARKS) SECTION-A

# Answer any **ONE** of the following:

[1×10=10]

1. Define neoplasia. What are the differences between carcinoma and sarcoma? Write a brief note on (2+3+5)tumor markers.

2. Define inflammation. Describe the cellular events of acute inflammation. Enumerate the differences between healing by primary and secondary intention. (2+5+3)

#### **SECTION-B**

### Write short notes on any FIVE:

[5×5=25]

- 3. Difference between necrosis and apoptosis.
- 4. Rheumatic heart disease.
- 5. Indications of bone marrow examination
- 6. Causes of microcytic, hypochromic anemia
- 7. Etiopathogenesis and screening methods of Carcinoma Cervix
- 8. Cirrhosis of liver



# B.Sc. (Hons) Nursing Second Year Supplementary Examination, April 2024

Enrollment No.	Invigilator sign:

# **SECTION C (GENETICS)**

#### **INSTRUCTIONS:**

- Section C (Pathology & Genetics) should be answered in first 20 minutes of the Exam duration and handed over to the invigilators.
- Put one Tick ( ) mark to only one answer that you consider correct for each question.
- Mark your Tick ( ) in pen.

# Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

[8×1=8]

- 1. Which of the following is a reductional cell division?
  - a. Meiosis 1
  - b. Meiosis 2
  - c. Meiosis 3
  - d. Meiosis 4
- Which of the following would be the chromosomal complement of an individual with Turner Syndrome?
  - a. 45. XO
  - b. 46, XX
  - c. 47, XXY
  - d. 47, XXX
- 3. What would be the degree of consanguinity in marriages between first cousins?
  - a. 1st
  - b. 2<sup>nd</sup>
  - c. 3rd
  - d. 4th
- 4. Maternal deficiency of which of the following Vitamin can lead to Neural Tube Defect in the fetus?
  - a. Thiamine
  - b. Riboflavin
  - c. Folic acid
  - d. Pyridoxine

- 5. Which of the following disease can lead to spontaneous abortion in the fetus?
  - a. Chromosomal disorders
  - b. Huntington's disease
  - c. Phenylketonuria
  - d. G6PD deficiency
- 6. Which of the following genetic testing method is utilized in suspected Monogenic disorders:
  - a. Karyotyping
  - b. FISH
  - c. Chromosomal Microarray
  - d. Whole Exome Sequencing
- 7. Which of the following gene is known as the guardian of the genome?
  - a. BRCA1
  - b. BRCA2
  - c. TP53
  - d. RB1
- 8. Which of the following disease can be diagnosed by Newborn Screening?
  - a. Huntington's disease
  - b. Phenylketonuria
  - c. Klinefelter Syndrome
  - d. Breast cancer Interphase