

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Kalyani B.Sc.(Hons) Nursing First Year Examination, August 2023 **ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY** Marks: 75 Time: 3 Hrs.

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer Anatomy & Physiology Section in separate answer booklets.
- Draw diagram wherever necessary.

ANATOMY (37 MARKS)

SECTION A Answer any ONE of the following (1X7=7)(3+2+2)1. Describe Liver under following headings: a. Parts and relations b. Blood supply c. Applied Anatomy OR 2. Describe the heart under following headings: (2+3+2)a. Interior of right atrium b. Coronary circulation c. Anatomical basis of myocardial infarction **SECTION B** Write short notes on any FOUR: (4X5=20)3. Anterior relation of right kidney

- 4. Deltoid muscle- origin, insertion, nerve supply and applied aspect
- 5. Draw well labelled diagram of floor of fourth ventricle
- 6. Knee joint- type and ligaments
- 7. Neural crest derivatives
- 8. Factors affecting venous return



B.Sc.(Hons) Nursing First Year Examination, August 2023

Enrollment No.	Invigilator sign:
SECTION C	(ANATOMY)
Section C (Anatomy & Physiology) should	d he answered in first on
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• Put one tick w mark to only one answer	that you consider correct for each question.
 Mark your tick in pen. 	110
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Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):	(10X1=10)
1 First come meta	(-2/ 1/1/6/
 First carpo-metacarpal joint is type of sync a. Plane 	0 1/ 1/0
b. Saddle type	c. Ball and socket
o. Saudie type	d. Pivot type
In an adult, trachea starts at this vertebral	level:
a. Sixth cervical	c. Second thoracic
b. First thoracic	d Seventh corriect
3. Injury to which of the following nerve leads	to foot drop?
a. Obturator	c. Common Peroneal
b. Femoral	d. Tibial
 The muscle functions as Peripheral heart is 	S:
a. Biceps Femoris	c. Popliteus
b. Soleus	d Gluteus Medius
5. Diabetes Mellitus is a disorder of	gland.
a. Thyroid	c. Pancreas
b. Pituitary	d Adrenal
6. Following is an example of commissural fiber	s of nervous system
a. Internal capsule	c. Optic radiation
b. Long association	d. Corpus callosum
7. A 40-year man was brought to emergency	with the complaints of severe bleeding from
scalp after he had fall on right side in an acciding injured at pterion?	lent. Which of the artery is most likely to be
a. External carotid	
b. Middle meningeal	c. Posterior auricular
8. A young male felt pain in the right iliq year	d. Facial
8. A young male felt pain in the right ilio-umb and increased pulse rate with leucocytosis. The	mical line. He also had nausea, temperature
a. Appendix	
b. Gall bladder	c. Stomach
9. A patient came with injury on left elbow after a	d. Small intestine
two digits of left hand. Which nerve is injured?	ar accident. He is leeling numbness in medial
a. Radial nerve	c. Ulnar nerve
b. Axillary nerve	d Museuleouteness
10. In case of dehydration with history of d	arrhea and vomiting which
of glucose in	upper extremity?
a. Cephalic vein	c. Basilic vein
b. Median cubital vein	d. Femoral vein



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Time: 3 Hrs.

ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY

Marks: 75

INSTRUCTIONS:

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- Draw diagram wherever necessary

PHYSIOLOGY (38 MARKS)

SECTION-A

Answer any ONE of the following:

[1X8=8]

- Define Blood Pressure and its normal value. Explain in detail the short term regulation of blood pressure (2+6)
- 2. Compare the differences between an upper motor and lower motor neuron lesion. Add a note on Brown Sequard Syndrome (6+2)

SECTION-B

Write short notes on any FOUR:

[4X5=20]

- 3. Describe in detail the excitation contraction coupling in skeletal muscle fibres. (5)
- 4. Define major and minor cross matching. Add a note on the Rh Incompatibility of the new born. (3+2)
- 5. What are the different layers of respiratory membrane? Explain in details the factors affecting the diffusion of gases across the respiratory membrane. (2+3)
- 6. Define and classify Jaundice based on the metabolism of bilirubin. (2+3)
- 7. With the help of a labelled diagram, describe the mechanism of secretion of HCl by parietal cell. (2+3)



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Enrollment No.	Invigilator sign:

SECTION C (PHYSIOLOGY)

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Section C (Anatomy & Physiology) should be answered in first 20 minutes of the Exam duration and handed over to the invigilators.
- Put one tick (
) mark to only one answer that you consider correct for each question.
- Mark your tick () in pen.

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

[10X1=10]

- 1. Normal A/G ration in the blood is
 - a) 1.7:1
 - b) 1:1.7
 - c) 7.1:1
 - d) 1:7.1
- 2. Smooth muscle does not contain
 - a) Actin
 - b) Myosin
 - c) Tropomyosin
 - d) Troponin
- 3. Following are the movements of the small intestine except
 - a) Peristalsis
 - b) Segmentation
 - c) Pendular
 - d) Mass peristalsis
- 4. Which of the following is not recorded in a typical lead II ECG?
 - a) Atrial depolarisation
 - b) Atrial repolarisation
 - c) Ventricular depolarisation
 - d) Ventricular repolarisation
- 5. Oxygenation of haemoglobin lowers its affinity for carbon dioxide is called
 - a) Bainbridge effect
 - b) Haldane effect
 - c) Bohr effect
 - d) Herring Breuer effect
- 6. Glycosuria appears, when the TmG exceeds
 - a) 180 mg/min
 - b) 300 mg/min
 - c) 375 mg/min
 - d) 500 mg/min