

All India Institute of Medical Sciences, Kalyani B.Sc. (Hons) Nursing First Year Supplementary Examination, October 2023 Time: 3 Hrs. <u>ANATOMY & PHYSIOLOGY</u> Marks: 75

INSTRUCTIONS:

- Answer Anatomy & Physiology Section in separate answer booklets.
- Draw diagram wherever necessary.

ANATOMY (37 MARKS)

SECTION A

Answer any ONE of the following

(3+2+2=7)

- 1. Describe the uterus under following headings:
 - a. Parts and relation
 - b. Ligaments
 - c. Blood supply and applied anatomy

OR

- 2. Describe the thyroid gland under following headings:
 - a. Position and relation
 - b. Structure
 - c. Blood supply and applied anatomy

SECTION B

Write short notes on any FOUR:

(4X5=20)

- 3. Classification of joints with example
- 4. Enumerate the components of circulatory system. Describe the blood supply of heart. (2+3)
- 5. Bronchopulmonary segments
- 6. Enumerate the components of urinary system. Describe the anterior relation of left kidney.

(2+3)

- 7. Structure of skin
- 8. Structure of Spinal cord



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Enrollment No.	<u>Invigilator sign</u> :

SECTION C (ANATOMY)

- Section C (Anatomy & Physiology) should be answered in first 20 minutes of the Exam duration and handed over to the invigilators.
- Put one tick mark to only one answer that you consider correct for each question.
- Mark your tick
 in pen.

Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):

(10X1=10)

- 1. Which of the following is an example of flat bone?
 - a. Vertebra
 - b. Parietal
 - c. Scaphoid
 - d. Clavicle
- 2. Which of the following is an example of secondary cartilaginous joint?
 - a. Shoulder joint
 - b. Wrist joint
 - c. Symphysis pubis
 - d. Acromioclavicular joint
- 3. Following an injury to right arm, a person is not able to extend his right wrist joint. Which nerve was most likely to be injured?
 - a. Ulnar
 - b. Axillary
 - c. Median
 - d. Radial
- 4. While visiting a patient in the hospital ward, the consultant doctor asked the attending nurse to check the Blood Pressure of the patient. For this procedure, the nurse should put the stethoscope over which of the following artery?
 - a. Ulnar
 - b. Brachial
 - c. Radial
 - d. Axillary
- 5. Which of the following cell helps in myelination of peripheral nerves?
 - a. Astrocyte
 - b. Oligodendrocyte
 - c. Schwann cell
 - d. Ependymal cell
- 6. Which of the following muscle is usually utilized to give intramuscular injection in upper limb?
 - a. Biceps brachii
 - b. Deltoid
 - c. Triceps
 - d. Trapezius

- 7. Which of the following vein is commonly utilized to draw blood in adults for blood tests?

 a. Median cubital vein
 b. Great Saphenous vein
 c. Axillary vein
 d. Cephalic vein

 8. Mammary gland is modified version of which type of gland?

 a. Sebaceous Gland
 b. Sweat Gland
 c. Salivary Gland
 - 9. The greater omentum is a peritoneal fold embedded with fat protecting all the viscera in abdomen. It is hanging from which of the following organ?
 - a. Stomach

d. Endocrine gland

- b. Liver
- c. Kidney
- d. Pancreas
- 10. A patient presented with nausea, loss of appetite, weakness and yellowish discoloration of sclera and skin. This condition usually results due to dysfunction of which of the following organ?
 - a. Kidney
 - b. Pancreas
 - c. Stomach
 - d. Liver



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PHYSIOLOGY (38 MARKS)

SECTION-A

Answer any ONE of the following:

[1X8=8]

- 1. A woman aged 35 years complaints that she has developed severe intolerance to cold. On examination she is obese, has hoarseness of voice, a coarse dry skin with non-pitting edema. (3+3+2)
 - a. What endocrine disorder is she likely to suffer from?
 - b. Name the investigations to establish the diagnosis.
 - c. How will you manage the condition?
- 2. With the help of a neat diagram describe the neural regulation of respiration. Write short note on sleep apnea. (3+5)

SECTION-B

Write short notes on any FOUR:

[4X5=20]

- 3. Sodium potassium pump mentioning its functions.
- 4. Long-term regulation of blood pressure.
- 5. Erythroblastosis foetalis
- 6. Cephalic phase of gastric secretion
- 7. Role of Feto-placental unit in maintenance of pregnancy



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SECTION C (FINSTRUCTIONS: • Section C (Anatomy & Physiology) should be and handed over to the invigilators. • Put one tick (✔) mark to only one answer that • Mark your tick (✔) in pen.	e answered in first 20 minutes of the Exam duration
Multiple Choice Questions (MCQs):	[10X1=10]
1. Mass movement is observed comm	nonly in which part of the GIT?
a. Oesophagus	c. Large intestine
b. Small Intestine	d. Stomach
The P wave in ECG representsAtrial systole	A A 4 . 1 . 1 . 1 . 1
b. Atrial depolarisation	c. Atrial diastoled. Atrial repolarisation
3. Presbyopia is the loss of	of the lens
a. Accommodation	c. Divergence
b. Convergence	d. Opacification
4. Which of the following is not observ	
a. Intentional tremor	c. pill rolling movement
b. Resting tremor	d. Festinant gait
5. Which of the following Vitamin is re	
a. Vit B1	c. Vit B12
b. Vit B6	d. Vit B2
6. Irregular heartbeat is known asa. Tachycardia	
b. Arrhythmia	c. Bradycardia
7. The major control centre for Autono	d. Dysthymia
a. Thalamus	c. Hypothalamus
b. Limbic system	d. Motor cortex
8. Normal value of creatinine in plasma	
a. 0.7 – 1.3 mg/dl	c. 5-7.5 mg/dl
b. 40 - 60 mg/dl	d. 100 – 140 mg/dl
9. Stroke volume is	3,
a. Ventricular ejection per systole	c. Atrial ejection per systole
b. Ventricular ejection per minute	d. Atrial ejection per minute

c. Sex steroids

d. Mineralocorticoids

10.Zona glomerulosa secretes

a. Glucocorticoids

b. Stress hormones